

## A Multicenter Comparison Study of the Sensititre® Automated/Manual Susceptibility Plate to the NCCLS Microdilution Method for *Streptococcus pneumoniae* vs. Clindamycin

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### ABSTRACT

**Background:** A multi-site evaluation was undertaken to compare the performance of the Sensititre susceptibility plate (TREK Diagnostic Systems, Cleveland, OH) for *Streptococcus pneumoniae* with Clindamycin (CLI), testing both automated and manual reading methods, to its performance on the frozen NCCLS broth microdilution reference method. The drug range tested for Clindamycin was (0.015-8 µg/ml).

**Methods:** The clinical evaluation was conducted at three sites and consisted of 310 fresh clinical *Streptococcus pneumoniae* isolates and 53 CDC challenge *Streptococcus pneumoniae* isolates. The recommended quality control organisms were tested daily and were within the NCCLS expected quality control range.

**Results:** When the automated reading method was compared to the reference method the clinical isolates' Essential Agreement (EA) and Categorical Agreement (CA) were: 98.7% and 100%, respectively, while the challenge isolates' EA and CA were both 100%, respectively. When the manual reading method was compared to the reference method the clinical isolates' EA and CA was: 98.7% and 99.7%, respectively; for the challenge isolates they were both 100%, respectively. The reproducibility isolates' EA for the automated and manual methods were 98.7% and 98.7%, respectively.

**Conclusions:** This multi-site evaluation indicates that the performance of the Sensititre susceptibility system with Clindamycin for *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, using either the automated or manual reading method, was equivalent to the performance of the NCCLS microdilution reference method.

\*Abstract has been modified

### PURPOSE OF THE STUDY

To evaluate the performance of Clindamycin on the Sensititre 18 – 24 hour susceptibility plate compared to the NCCLS microdilution reference method (M7 – A6).

### MATERIALS & METHODS

**Organisms:** The testing at 3 sites consisted of the following:

- 309 Total Clinical isolates
- 53 Total Challenge isolates
- 25 Reproducibility isolates
- 1 Quality Control strain

**Susceptibility Testing Methods:**

- Each isolate was tested using a Sensititre 18 – 24 susceptibility plate. The plates were set-up and tested according to the manufacturers' instructions.
- The reference plates were tested according to the microdilution methods published by the National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards (NCCLS, M7-A6).

Pathogen	Minimal inhibitory concentration (µg/ml) <sup>a</sup>		
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	S	I	R
	≤0.25	0.5	≥1

Antibiotics		
Antimicrobial	Range Tested	Supplied By
Clindamycin (CLI)	0.15-8	Pfizer Inc.

### RESULTS

#### Clinical Isolates vs. Clindamycin for *S. pneumoniae*

Read Method	Total Isolates Tested	% Essential Agreement	% Categorical Agreement	Number Resistant	Very Major Errors	Major Errors	Minor Errors
Manual	309	98.7	99.7	76	0	0	1
Automated	309	98.7	100	76	0	0	0

#### CDC Challenge Isolates vs. Clindamycin for *S. pneumoniae*

Read Method	Total Isolates Tested	% Essential Agreement	% Categorical Agreement	Number Resistant	Very Major Errors	Major Errors	Minor Errors
Manual	53	100	100	14	0	0	0
Automated	53	100	100	14	0	0	0

#### Combined (Challenge and Clinical) Isolates vs. Clindamycin for *S. pneumoniae*

Read Method	Total Isolates Tested	% Essential Agreement	% Categorical Agreement	Number Resistant	Very Major Errors	Major Errors	Minor Errors
Manual	362	98.9	99.7	90	0	0	1
Automated	362	98.9	100	90	0	0	0

#### *Streptococcus pneumoniae* - Manual Reading Method MIC Distribution for Clinical & Challenge Isolates vs. Clindamycin

		Reference Results													
		0.015	0.03	0.06	0.12	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8	>8			
Test Results	0.015	2	3	2											
	0.03		35	42											
	0.06	1	3	178	1										
	0.12		1		2										
	0.25						1								
	0.5							1							
	1								1	1					
	2										1				
	4											1			
	8												0	86	
>8														86	
TOTALS	3	42	222	3	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	86			

Categorical Interpretations: Susceptible ≤ 0.25, Intermediate = 0.5, Resistant ≥ 8

#### *Streptococcus pneumoniae* - Automated Reading Method MIC Distribution for Clinical & Challenge Isolates vs. Clindamycin

		Reference Results													
		0.015	0.03	0.06	0.12	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8	>8			
Test Results	0.015	2	6	1											
	0.03	1	30	63											
	0.06		5	157	2										
	0.12		1		1										
	0.25			1											
	0.5						2								
	1								1	1					
	2										1	1			
	4											1			1
	8												0	85	
>8														85	
TOTALS	3	42	222	3	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	85			

Categorical Interpretations: Susceptible ≤ 0.25, Intermediate = 0.5, Resistant ≥ 8

#### Reproducibility Isolates vs. Clindamycin Reference Agreement within ±1 Dilution of Modal MIC

Site	# Agreement Manual	# Agreement Autoread	Total Isolates Tested	Manual %	Autoread %
TREK	25	25	25	100	100
Creighton	24	24	25	96	96
UH	25	25	25	100	100
Combined	74	74	75	98.7	98.7

### CONCLUSIONS

This investigation compared the 18 – 24 hour Sensititre susceptibility plate with the NCCLS reference microdilution frozen plate (M7 – A6). The Sensititre plate was equivalent to the performance of the reference method and was very reproducible.

#### Clinical Isolates:

- The overall essential agreement for Clindamycin, within a +/- one-well dilution range, was 98.7% for the manual method and 98.7% for the autoread method.
- The overall categorical agreement for Clindamycin was 99.7% for the manual method and 100% for the autoread method.

#### CDC Challenge Organisms:

- The overall essential agreement for Clindamycin, within a +/- one-well dilution range, was 100% for the manual method and 100% for the autoread method.
- The overall categorical agreement for Clindamycin was 100% for the manual method and 100% for the autoread method.

#### Reproducibility:

- Interlaboratory reproducibility was 98.7% for the manual read method and 98.7% for the autoread method.